

Fanny Fleetfoot Helps Herself



HE WHO RUNS MAY READ.

"GATHER YE ROSE BUDS WHILE YE MAY."

The above pictures were taken near Lake Louise by a member of the Trail Riders of the Canadian Rockies during the recent Ride and Pow-wow. According to the photographer's version of the story the deer walked deliberately up to the sign-board, read the notice and, after snorting contemptuously, proceeded to feast himself upon the forbidden flowers with all the gusto of a lumber-jack attacking a plate of ham-and-eggs. It was, he said, a wifful piece of law-breaking, committed in cold blood and with malice aforethought solely intended to show a disgraced disrespect for constituted authority and the decrees of the Lords of Creation.

Another onlooker, however, is willing to take a solemn oath that the deer was a doe and that she was browsing guiltlessly among the boulders when his or his defence.

Among the notable personages who arrived in Canada during the first week in September from Europe were Princess Patricia, Sir Thomas and Lady Graham, and the Earl and Countess of Mar and Kellie, all of whom were on the Canadian Pacific steamship Montroyal; James Oliver Curwood on the Empress of Scotland and Business Ozezy on the Montclair, of the same line.

Calgary, Alberta. — The No. 4 Royalty well (Imperial), continues to amaze geologists. Its naphtha production increased July to 545,135 gallons, 75 degrees Beaume, an increase of 25 barrels daily over the June production. The production continues to increase and the flow of gas at 20,000,000 cubic feet a day is being maintained. This flow will shortly be harnessed to supply Calgary.

Preparations are under way for the holding in Montreal in June next year of the annual convention of the American Association of Railroad Superintendents. J. K. Savage, General Superintendent, Canadian Pacific, was elected chairman of the arrangements committee, and plans were made for the organization of a complete committee to go ahead with the business of making the convention a success.

Subscribers are asked to look at their address labels and renew their subscription promptly if in arrears.

Wheat Pool Campaign For New Members

Drive will continue till end of year

The Alberta Co-operative Wheat Producers, Limited have inaugurated a drive for new members, and have set as their objective, 10,000 new members, which will bring the total membership of the Alberta Pool up to 42,000. In other words, the pool officials hope to increase the present membership by just over 30 per cent.

On page 8 of this issue, an advertisement is published outlining the drive and all member and friends of the pool are urged to take an active part in securing the objective aimed at.

New Milling Plant

Construction on the completion of Calgary's new milling plant being built by Spillers of England, has been started, and the plant will be ready to handle the crop of 1926. The plant when completed will cost \$2,380,000.

OBITUARY

Margaret McCauley

The death of Mrs. Margaret McCauley of Vandyne, occurred last Wednesday, September 16. A funeral service was conducted at Vandyne School by Rev. C. R. Corcoran at 1 o'clock on Sunday afternoon, when a large number of friends were present. The body was shipped to Sverdrup, Sask., for burial, last Monday.

The deceased lady, who resided with her sons in Vandyne district for the last two years, died in her sixty-eighth year. She is survived by her sons Clarence and Luke of Vandyne, four sons in Sverdrup, Sask., and a daughter in Ontario.

In Lighter Vein

Then the collection was taken

A colored preacher had just concluded a sermon on "Salvation am free" and announced that a collection would be taken for the benefit of the parson and his family. A member of the congregation objected to this paradoxical proceeding and received this bit of negro logic in response.

"Spose yo' was thirsty an' come to a river. Yo' could kneel right down an' drink yo' fill, couldn't yo? An' it wouldn't cost yo' nothin'. But water would be free. But, s'posin' yo' was to hab dat water piped to yo' house, yo'd have to pay, wouldn't yo? Well, brudder, so it am wif salvation. De salvation am free, but it's de habin' it piped to yo' dat yo' got to pay fo'. Whereupon, de faze ob dat culleded congregation disappeared entirely behin' wide an' boist'ous smiles."

Get your daily papers each day
from Edmund A. Todd

MEN'S GOODS

Our stock of Mackinaws, Leather Vests, Overcoats, and all Men's heavy goods was never as well bought as this year. We want you to look over these goods:

Leather Vests, Acme made	\$12.50
Kory Coat Mackinaws	14.99
Leather Lined Mackinaws	16.50
G W G. Flannel Shirts	2.50
Eastern Caps	1.75 up
Leather Lined Overcoats	25.00
Balanine Sweaters	5.00 up

We're agents for House of Holberrin Made Clothing. See us for a suit, or Overcoat. We guarantee a fit.

Car of O.K. Macintosh Apples expected about Saturday. Price will be right.

We lead the Pace for Groceries

New Pick Tomatoes, 2 tins for	25c
Per case of 24 tins	3.45
Gallon tin of Crab apples	85c
Regular \$1.00 box bicuits	85c
Plum or Mixed Jam, per tin	60c

S. A. MILLER

We are carrying an immense stock of

Building Material

for your convenience.

No. 2 Special Shingles for \$4.55 per M.

Half-screens for windows, worth \$1.45, while they last 50 cents each.

We rent out 30 ft. timbers for moving buildings.

Get what you require while our stock is complete.

BEAVER LUMBER COMPANY LIMITED
IN YOUR TOWN
AND A HUNDRED OTHERS

OYEN THEATRE

Friday-Saturday, September 25-26

STRONGHEART, the wonder dog in

"The Love Master"

A thrilling tale of Love, Romance and Adventure filmed in the vicinity of Paris. The cast includes Lillian Rich and Harold Austin

Also—The first episode of the fascinating serial

"The Great Circus Mystery"

One episode of this great serial every Friday and Saturday. Don't miss the first episode.

Good Time Dance after show, Saturday

Monday-Tuesday, September 28-29

William Fox, presents

"DANTE'S INFERNO"

Wow! And likewise wooo! Of all the pictures to scare the life out of hardened sinners, this picture wins the pale pink anticlimax. The most remarkable film spectacle of recent years. Don't miss it.

Patrons are asked to note that all shows start at 8 p.m.

The Rapid Service Dray

(Successors to H. R. McMurray Dray)

Having recently purchased the dray line formerly operated by H. R. McMurray, your patronage is solicited. All orders received will be given careful and prompt attention.

Ed. Armitage, Proprietor.
Phone 18

Permit us to show you

The "BURBANK"

Canada's newest

KITCHEN RANGE

The lowest priced, high quality range on the market to-day

THE RELIANCE HARDWARE LIMITED

WILL STIMULATE MOVEMENT OF NEW SETTLERS

Edmonton—Addressing a large gathering at a dinner given here by the board of trade here, E. W. Bailey, chairman and president of the Canadian Pacific Railway, announced a new arrangement entered into between the Canadian railways and the government, by which, he said, it was hoped to very materially stimulate the movement of desirable immigrants to Canada. Under this agreement, the two railway companies, through their colonization departments, have been given a free hand to select, transport and distribute all colonists who can be properly assimilated in Canada, with the further provision of leasing the necessary permits for their admission, subject to the requirements of the statute and to the medical and physical fitness of the applicant.

"As a result of this agreement," said Mr. Bailey, "we may be able, in view of the favorable harvest conditions existing in the west, to look forward to a renewal of the movement of those who are actively engaged in solving the serious problems we are now faced with in Canada."

Russian Prisoner

For Eleven Years

German Sculptor's Efforts at Escape Have Just Succeeded
Dorn, Germany—After eleven years imprisonment in Russia, during which he made several unsuccessful attempts to escape, Paul Conant, the sculptor, finally has reached home. During the Russian campaign of the German army in August, 1914, Conant was captured and taken prisoner. When he recovered, he declares, he was assigned to a Russian working squad and put at hard labor. His repeated attempts to escape were frustrated until this year, when Conant and three comrades succeeded in crossing the border.

Many Chinese Towns Surrounded By Water

Breaking of Dyke Has Changed Course of River
Peking—Nine hundred villages are surrounded by water in consequence of the breaking of the south dyke of the Yellow River at Yenchowchong, fifty miles west of Yenchowchong, according to official advices from Nanking, which say the break has caused the river to change its course.

Boats are the only means of communication in the flooded area, which is thirteen miles wide, and seventy miles long. Relief work is proceeding.

Japan Ships Gold Reserves

Tokyo—The government announced that it was beginning shipment of gold reserves to the United States, the first consignment of four million yen, leaving September 20. The shipments will be made at intervals thereafter. This release of securities is regarded as an indication of the early removal of the gold embargo.

Kept Going On Water Diet

New York—Lying for five weeks on water only and not musing a day's work during that period, Edmund Wrenagh, a suit maker, has just concluded a fast for his health, though he lost 44 pounds, Wrenagh says he "feels much better."

Arctic Coming Back

Ottawa—The Canadian expedition to the Arctic region, which has been unable to reach its objective, Becho Peninsula, and under command of Captain Bernier, the steamer Arctic is now returning. It is expected in Quebec about October 1.

Set For Massey

Toronto—Liberal Members at their convention, tendered the federal nomination to Hon. Vincent Massey, who was sworn in as a member of the King cabinet. Mr. Massey said he would take a few days to consider the matter.

Closed Season For Chickens

Winnipeg—A closed season for game chickens, partridges and quail has been proclaimed in Manitoba, by order-in-council. Scarcity of the variety of wild fowl was given as the reason for the order.

Test Speeder Plane

Mississauga, L. J. McCann's propeller plane can attain a speed of 200 miles an hour is being tested here. It is said the world's record is 275 miles an hour.

A Remarkable Expedition

Major Burwash Attempting One-Man Trip Along the Northwest Passage

Ottawa—When Baron Byrd's northward drive to the Arctic Ocean ended on August 1 at Akavik, the northernmost point of civilization, similar remarkable expedition began, and unless misfortune intervenes, it will be completed about 15 months from now. Major J. T. Burwash, F.R.S., who accompanied his excellency the governor-general to the Arctic coast, almost immediately afterwards commenced the first one-man trip along the so-called Northwest Passage from west to east.

From what is known by officials of the department of the interior here, Major Burwash is now at Coronation Gulf, about one quarter of the distance around the north and east coast of the Dominion. The trip from Akavik to Coronation Gulf was done by boat. For the remainder of the long, bleak journey, Major Burwash will travel by foot. By the route he has selected in the northland certainly not the slightest doubt that he will weather the long tramp.

Deport Christians From Mosul Territory

Turks Send Entire Population of Baljo Over Frontier

London—The Turks have deported from two to three hundred Christians of the territory in the northern part of Mosul region. It is learned from authoritative sources. They encircled the village of Baljo and the monastery of Zorah, and sent the entire Christian population over the frontier. The Christians arrived absolutely destitute, having had nothing to eat for several hours and their plight was pitiful.

The Turks, it is stated, also intend to deport eight thousand Christians from the Gory region, and the Christian population there is in a panic.

The British do not regard such action as a military gesture, but as an illustration of what would happen to Christians if the Turk was to get possession of Mosul.

Airmen Watching Turks

Troops On Frontier Waiting Decision Of Russia

London—Forty thousand Turkish troops, according to an observer, have arrived from the east, waiting behind the provisional Mosul frontier ready to advance. The British and French have issued an advance decision of the British government regarding the settlement of the Mosul boundary dispute.

This information developed that British airmen are keeping a sharp watch on the Turkish forces.

Agreed On Debt Payments

Sofia, Bulgaria—A treaty signed in the city of Sofia, Bulgaria, is the result of the agreement between Bulgaria and Romania regarding Bulgarian debt to the latter country. By the terms of the agreement, Bulgaria will pay Romania \$1,800,000 for Romanian property seized during the world war and had belonging to Romania subjects expropriated by Bulgaria. The payment will be spread over four years.

Prohibition For Weekend

Warsaw—The Polish government has prohibited the sale of alcoholic beverages from 2 p.m. on Saturday night to 10 a.m. Monday. An exception to the decree is beer with a maximum of two and one-half per cent. alcohol.

Enforcement of this prohibition has led to a series of Japan demonstrations in several of the larger cities of Poland.

Millionaire Sportsmen Are Fined

Victoria, B.C.—For violating the provincial game regulations, Cornelius V. Whitney, son of Harry Payne Whitney, of New York, and Harry P. Davidson, of Los Angeles, Long Island, both millionaires, were recently fined \$100 and costs with an option of thirty days in jail over a kangaroo hunt.

Canada's Trade Increases

Ottawa—Canadian trade increased during August nearly \$40,000,000, as compared with August, 1924. A summary issued by the department of commerce shows that the grand total of exports and imports, including foreign merchandise exported, was \$19,258,288 last month, and in August, 1924, \$18,251,208.

Federal Tariff Commission

Montreal, Quebec—Among local boot and shoe manufacturers, announced that he had agreed to represent the province of Quebec on the federal tariff commission about to be established by the King government. The commission will sit at Ottawa, but just when Mr. D'Amour could not say.

Canada Will Co-operate

Dominion Is In Full Sympathy With League of Nations

Geneva—Senator Hewitt, British Columbia, addressing the League of Nations assembly, explained the position of Canada in regard to the Geneva protocol on peace and disarmament.

He said Canada was unable to ratify the protocol, for although she favored the principle of arbitration and disarmament, her peculiar position made it impossible for the Dominion to accept the protocol.

Senator Borden, quoted a statement made by Premier King early this year on the subject, concluding that Canada had full sympathy with the league and would co-operate in all efforts of the league tending to promote the welfare of mankind. This statement aroused applause.

Discuss Anglo-American Relations

Judge Says World International Court Of Justice Needed

Vancouver—An address on the subject of "Anglo-American relations," by Mr. Justice W. A. Macdonald, of Vancouver, was the feature of the banquet which marked the close of the annual convention of the Pacific Northwest Kiwanis district here.

Appealing to reasoning powers rather than to sentiment, he made out a strong case for the establishment of a world international court of justice amicably to settle disputes between nations, and declared it was essential that the United States be a member.

AGREE ON PLANS TO RETAIN NEW FREIGHT RATE

Edmonton—If by any chance the board of railway commissioners, as a result of the application of the Montreal board of trade, to be heard September 29, agree to rescind the order equalizing the rate on westbound grain and flour, with that eastbound, immediate application will be made to the Canadian price council.

The British do not regard such action as a military gesture, but as an illustration of what would happen to Christians if the Turk was to get possession of Mosul.

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The Harding Memorial Unveiled at Vancouver

Vancouver—During a message of goodwill, John H. Mott, of Milwaukee, president of the Kiwanis International, dedicated the Harding Memorial in Stanley Park in the presence of thousands of Vancouver citizens and large delegations from the United States.

A feature of the address of Senator Frank B. Willis, of Ohio, representing the United States government, was the forecast that the United States senate would ratify the entrance of the United States into the world court.

Respectful greetings were voiced by Hon. Dr. J. I. King, Dominion minister of public works, and telegraphed messages expressing similar sentiments were read from President Coolidge, the governor of Alberta, Manitoba, Ontario and British Columbia and leading citizens of Canada and the United States.

"Behold the Harding Memorial, a symbol of international goodwill, a monument to the century-long peace between Canada and the United States; a pledge to the safety and surety of a legal, lasting friendship between our respective peoples," proclaimed Mr. Mott as he unveiled the memorial.

In opening his address he referred to the fact that President Harding, twenty-ninth president of the United States, was the first to step on Canadian soil while in office.

SAYS WHEAT POOL PROVES TO BE A BIG SUCCESS

Winnipeg—The more hopeful outlook of agricultural conditions in Western Canada today is largely attributable to the "success of the wheat pool," by R. A. Hoey, former M.P. for Winnipeg, in addressing the Winnipeg Rotary Club here.

"The experiment so far has been an outstanding success," he declared. "Last year the pool had marketed \$1,000,000 bushels of the total production of 245,000,000. The membership in the three prairie provinces was approximately 10,000, and total acreage involved over 17,000,000 acres."

Mr. Hoey is joining the publicity staff of the Manitoba pool, and is not seeking re-nomination for parliament.

Manitoba Progressives Active

Will Put Candidate In Every Rural Riding

Winnipeg—Progressive party candidates will be run in every rural riding in Manitoba, according to an official statement made following a meeting of the provincial executive of the party here.

Members of the constituency, standing and electors have been lined up, and the official statement from the executive stated that Manitoba Progressives who have served in the past during the last term are all prepared to enter the field again, with the exception of Hon. T. A. Cresser and H. M. A. Hoey, retiring members for Margaree and Springfield respectively.

Robert Croft, Progressive leader of the Manitoba pool, in speaking, where possible, at nominating conventions. Hon. T. A. Cresser will speak at Sho Lake in connection with the nominating convention there September 22.

Refused Admission To U. S.

Communist Member of British House of Commons Is Not Wanted

Washington—Shapurji Saklatvala, communist member of the British House of Commons, has been refused admission to the United States to attend the inter-parliamentary union here next month as a British delegate.

Secretary Kellogg announced that his department had been asked to London to revoke the passport visa already granted Saklatvala. He explained that this action was taken under the immigration law because of inflammatory and revolutionary speeches made by Saklatvala in parliament and elsewhere, which have come to the attention of the state department only in the last few days.

"I do not believe," said Secretary Kellogg, "we should admit foreigners to this country to preach anarchy or revolutionary overthrow of government."

Will Deport Chinese

New York—One hundred and thirty-four Chinese are in the Yonkers, awaiting deportation, because Chinatown is not so sure of their peaceful intentions as they are of their peace and knife of wolf warfare.

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British Foreign Office Blamed

Wentminster Gazette Says Inquiry Into Case of Egyptian Prince Should Be Made

London—Prince Ahmed Seifeddine, of Egypt, who recently escaped from an Iraqi ship at Haifa, now is resting in the home of a relative, on the Sea of Marmara, near Constantinople.

The British Foreign Office is contained in messages received from the Prince's attendants by his friends in England. The excitement of the journey across the channel in France and thence to Trieste, where he took a boat for Constantinople, greatly fatigued the prince, who will rest a few days before being examined by leading Turkish specialists.

The Westminster Gazette declares that an inquiry is needed into the part played by the British government in holding the prince in an asylum in England for almost a quarter of a century, and alleges that friends who attempted to effect the release of Prince Ahmed's release, and if these are not met with funds now controlled by trustees appointed by the British government, the matter will be presented to the League of Nations.

Certain eastern bankers, says the Westminster Gazette, have agreed to honor Prince Ahmed's checks, and if these are not met with funds now controlled by trustees appointed by the British government, the matter will be presented to the League of Nations.

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BALDWIN HAS MANY PROBLEMS FOR SOLUTION

London—A meeting of the British cabinet will be called early this week, following the return of Prime Minister Baldwin from his tour of the United States, at which many questions, chiefly of domestic concern, are scheduled for discussion. The chief problem is the industrial situation and the consequent heavy unemployment.

Mr. Baldwin has called on the various departments for their plans for winter relief work.

The prime minister also will have to deal with the intrigues in his own party, which may force the reconstruction of the cabinet or early elections.

Winston Churchill, Lord Birkenhead and Sir Robert Horne, with the support of Lord Beaverbrook, Robertson and their powerful papers, are said to be plotting for the return of a coalition government under the leadership of David Lloyd George.

Mr. Baldwin may have to get rid of the "traitors" or he may find his government too weak to carry on without them.

Meanwhile Lloyd George is starting a big and hard campaign, advocating nationalization of the land, while his wife, Dame Margaret, is said to be planning to try out a prohibition campaign among the women.

Hon. Motherwell Secures Nomination

Will Be the Liberal Candidate For Melville Constituency

Reviving The Spinning Industry

Women On Vancouver Island Create Interest In Handicraft

Determined to revive the good old days when handicraft and thrift went hand in hand in the Canadian home, a little band of women on Vancouver Island have succeeded in creating a widespread interest in spinning and weaving.

Among the first to give impetus to the movement was Mrs. Dennis Harris, daughter of Sir James Douglas, first governor of Vancouver Island. Confidant of pioneer stock, Mrs. Harris could not sit with folded hands and deplore the passing of handicraft; she set about to teach women and girls to weave and spin. Miss Elsie Macpherson has been her first lieutenant in the campaign which is now bearing fruit. Mrs. McVecker, at her ranch, "The White," Metchem, a few miles from the city of Victoria, went farther. She acquired the only flock of black sheep in the province of British Columbia, and her Angora goats also are famous for their wool. There is a great deal of Angora goats in the province, and for that reason the mohair industry is in its infancy. The scarcity of Angora is due to the fact that their export is prohibited by both the Asha Minor and South Africa.

Mrs. McVecker started modestly with Angora rabbits but she no longer keeps three little quadrupeds. She sees the beginning of a cottage industry in the revival of spinning and weaving on Vancouver Island. She specializes in tweeds, rusks and home runs.

Canadians Have No Distinctive Accent

Get Great Variety In Form In Different Localities

Canadians will be surprised to learn that they have a characteristic nasal accent. Just why this is so in various parts of the country and speaking the same language have different accents may be difficult to explain, but it is almost as much a distinctive Canadian accent.

Canada is a big country, geographically speaking, and in the course of time, as the country has developed, localities will probably develop more or less distinctive accents, but the country as a whole will never develop one peculiar accent.

Within the area of the British Empire, less than 12,000,000 speak English, yet dozens of distinctive accents. It would be passing strange if Canada, with an area a little less than the whole of Europe and 25 per cent of the total area of the British Empire, did not in the course of time develop a variety of accents—Toronto, for example.

Sleep Is Still Popular

Eight Hours Not Too Much For Good Healthy

It has been suggested that the growing prevalence of insomnia is a sign of a new showing that man is growing from unnecessary mental torturing, shaking off of a habit that arose simply because the night was dark. There is no reason for the custom in this age of illumination. The depression of the person who does not sleep because they cannot is said to be distressing. They believe they ought to sleep, therefore they are worried by their failure. It is the anxiety that does the harm. Still, the old-fashioned family physician, if there is one left in the world, will tell you that eight hours sleep is a good health regime. With all the devices for its annihilation, sleep remains in New York retains a remnant of its popularity.—New York Herald-Tribune.

Canadian Bond Sales

Canadian bond sales for the beginning of the current year up to August 17th, amounted in value to \$247,562,526 out of \$377,735,235 previously reported. The total amount of \$247,562,526 is made up of \$193,456,660 corporation; and \$54,105,867 railroad. These bonds have been distributed as follows: the following markets: Canada, \$107,739,268; United States, \$115,474,669; and Great Britain, \$23,778,589.

Chivalrous

Willie was five years old and went to church every Sunday with some other small boys, each one having a penny. But one Sunday he went to church with his mother and when the collection was being taken up he asked:

"Ma, have you got a penny?"

"No," said his mother.

"Then take mine," I'll get under the seat,"—Everybody.

At Least

"Wasn't you really insane?"

"Not until the cross-cannibal got at him."

Everybody Has Ancestors

But Few People Can Trace Pedigree Back Very Far

It is a commonplace to say that unknown and self-made men have no ancestors, but everybody has ancestors as countless as the sands on the seashore. Everybody has two parents, four grandparents, eight great-grandparents, and so on. Twelve generations give 4,096 ancestors in the course of some 350 years.

If you went back 24 generations, say to the days of Magnus Charta, you would have to reckon with 335,544 individuals, scarcely less than the whole present population of England, and any one of them might have left a trace on your character, sanity, strength, or features.

What is known as low birth merely means obscure birth. It means that little or nothing is known about the ancestors. If you were born after the death of grandfathers who made no mark in the world, all you know about them is what your father and mother may have chosen to tell. Ask the average man what was his grandfather's maiden name and it is very long odds that he will have no idea.

You may be surprised—perhaps flattered—to find that the names of the great and the good are recorded for some carefully. The pedigree of a racehorse is nearly always available for those who desire to know it, whereas kings and queens, whose forebears carry their names to historical periods, can rarely trace back complete pedigrees half so far.

London Has Skyscraper Stable

Well Known Firm Has Solved Horse Housing Problem

The other week, Polonski and Candidate, two champion chestnut horses, walked down a city street in front of their stable both in North London and trotted off to the horse show at Richmond.

The well known architect firm that owns Polonski and Candidate have solved the horse housing problem by building a stable in which the horse is housed in a modern built of fireproof concrete.

A wide concrete staircase, carpeted with top mat, leads from street, to stable. Up the horse is taken to his stall, and come downstairs to work in the morning. Each floor is divided into two dormitories—double row stalls separated by wide gangways. Here the horses feed, sleep and are groomed. Large windows give excellent ventilation to what must surely be one of the most remarkable stables in London.

Can Appeal To Higher Court

New Regulations For Owners Of Dogs

All dogs in Britain are to get the right of appeal to a high court against the death sentence in a measure to be introduced in the House of Commons. This will be the one clause in a bill providing that when orders are made for the destruction of a dog an appeal can automatically be made to a court suspended until quarter sessions. Under the present regulations, if a dog is sentenced to death by a local authority under the dog act of 1871, and he is fined \$5 a day every day the dog is kept.

Mr. Robert Gower, M.P., sponsor of the bill, said it provides a safeguard against dogs being sentenced to death on mere suspicion.

Record For Longevity

Aggregate Age of Three Negro Sisters In Cuba Is 355 Years

All records for family longevity are believed to have been shattered by three negro sisters, the youngest of whom admits to 119 years. Their aggregate age is 355 years, says a dispatch from Havana, Cuba.

Attention was attracted to the three when the eldest, Mariana Zuleta, was committed to a home for the aged. Mariana is 120 years old, and her sister, Francisca O'Farrell, says she is 115. The other sister is Julia Zuleta. They have been living in the mountains near San Juan de los Rios.

Zuleta is the name of a wealthy Havana family to whom the three women once belonged to as slaves.

Didn't Recognize the Place

A Father Didn't Recognize His Own Real Estate Company. A week later the man advertised it for sale. They so elaborately described the place that the father didn't recognize it as his own. Deciding that it was exactly what he wanted, he visited the real estate office inquiring about it. On consulting the list, the man discovered that was the customer's own farm. When told that, the father said: "Well, I don't care to sell at all now."

Bright boys and girls are better developed physically than less intelligent children, according to recent tests.

Store Cattle Trade

Shipments of Livestock to Great Britain Is Increasing

The British embargo against Canadian cattle was removed on April 1, 1923, and the question then arose as to how cattle should be shipped and what are the best types of cattle to send. In order to obtain authentic information from the data of the result of experiment, sound in foundation, carefully conducted and recorded by the department of agriculture arranged early in 1923 for an experimental shipment of steers to England. This shipment went forward in May, 1923, and a second consignment was shipped in the fall of the same year. From these shipments much valuable information was received, published and distributed among the farmers of Canada. The consignments were made up from the experimental farms and the cattle met with a very favorable reception from British feeders and proved to be profitable packages. One steer obtained the championship at the Norwich fat stock show last year. A shipment of cull stock was made but the results were not encouraging and information was received, published and distributed among the farmers of Canada. In co-operation with the department of the interior generally, the conditions have been greatly improved from the ranchers' standpoint.

In 1923 Canada sent across about 600 head of store cattle. This number was increased to 80,000 in 1924, and there is an increase of about 60 per cent over the same time last year. The department takes every precaution to see that only absolutely healthy and vigorous animals are sent to the British market.

Trade Follows The Flag

British Empire Secures Markets For Its Work People

The work people who allow themselves to be led by the "Reds" into a belief that the empire is the rather noxious plaything of the upper classes do not know what they are doing. It is the empire which, above all else, secures for them that means of selling their goods and services. It is their work and their wages all depend. England, without her empire, would very swiftly sink to the position of an impoverished island. The North Sea alone is supposed to support a population of more than six or eight millions at the outside.—London Reference.

Villagers Outwitted

German Authorities Saved Church Bells From Being Melted For Cannon

During the war the German authorities seized church bells all over the country and melted them down to make cannon. At a few cases, however, the church authorities, by hook or by crook, managed to hide their bells.

Catholic Harvillat felt very deeply the passing of bells from their religious work to the service of destruction. Orders were obeyed but a strange story is told of some villages in the higher Alps, where the bells were commandeered and were actually collected on a wagon for transport to Munich on the following day. When that day came, wagons and bells had disappeared. The strictest search was unavailing, so were threats of drastic penalty. Nothing was seen of the bells until peace had been declared. Then one Sunday morning, worshippers in the churches from which the bells had been taken found to their astonishment and delight that they had come back, as mysteriously as they disappeared.

Thinks Scientists Queer Lot

Southampton Policeman Has Evidence Of Their Absentmindedness

The police of Southampton have a little scientific proof of their own. A peg into the lost property office reveals that 2,065 scientists, who were attending the annual meeting of the British Association, had lost 10,000 umbrellas, 3,000 walking sticks, piles of handbags and heaps of notebooks. The latter mostly filled with complex analyses and notes beyond the comprehension of the police.

All of this adds further evidence to the fact that scientists are absentminded for the worst ever. In the word of a Southampton policeman in charge of the lost property "scientists are a queer lot of folk."

Student Editor: "Have you interviewed the commencement speaker?"

Reporter: "Yes."

S. E.: "What did he say?"

Reporter: "Nothing."

S. E.: "I know that, but how many inches of 11?"

Compressed cork, covered with 1 1/2 inches of concrete, is being used in the building of houses in England.

German Authorities

University of London, Professor

Believing Women Are Interested

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WORLD HAPPENINGS
BRIEFLY TOLD

Dr. J. R. Haldane, chief of the United States, and possibly in the world, died recently at the age of 107.

Officials of a safety association have compared the annual "traffic loss" of the United States. It amounts to two billion dollars annually, or \$20 for every citizen.

The importation of Welsh anthracite coal to supplement supplies of Pennsylvania anthracite during the present strike is being considered in New York.

Mr. Hon. Sir J. Jordan, former British minister in Peking and member of the League of Nations advisory committee, died suddenly at a meeting of the China Association in London.

Robert A. Loar, a West Virginia attorney, having made a bid during the last presidential campaign that Davis would beat Coolidge, has paid up by winning 410 miles bar-foot.

A stamp bearing the likeness of President Wilson will be issued by the United States post office department by the first of December, if the plans of the friends and admirers of the war president succeed.

Manufacture of liquor containing 60 per cent. of alcohol and vodka of 40 per cent. will be permitted in Soviet Russia from October 1, 1925, a decision reached by the central executive committee.

It is announced that the French Government has accepted the invitation of the Toronto Horse Show officials to be represented at the tournament in the Ontario city next November.

The United States post office department plans to open eight new air mail routes this fall. Plans for the routes for the new routes, which are in the south and west, have been approved.

The London Evening News quotes Congressman Fred Britton, of Illinois, as saying: "I talked to Teitelbaum and others, and concluded that they are a lot of murderers and thieves."

Pending realization of the League of Nations' hopes of general limitation of armaments, efforts will be made immediately for a gradual reduction of Holland's military forces while maintaining a definite respectable level at the present international situation.

Holland has entered the stage of "capitalist dictatorship" in the League of Nations, declared Leon Trotsky in a book entitled "Whither England," an American edition of which has been published in New York.

London To Australia In Week

Two New British Airships Can Carry 140 Passengers

Two airships are now in the course of construction in England which are claimed will be able to fly to Australia in a week. The two new British airships which are to inaugurate the inter-empire air service in 1927 are of 5,000,000 cubic feet capacity, or nearly twice as large as the present largest airship in England. Each of the new ships can carry 200 tons, and the R100, Commander Burney's ship—the other, R101, is being built by the air ministry—will have a capacity for 140 passengers. Though the speed of these ships is around 75 miles an hour, the ships that will follow these pioneers will, according to Burney's plan, travel at 100 miles an hour, and bring the continent of Australia, 10,000 miles away from Europe and Asia, within four days' time distance from the heart of the empire.

Wonders Of Radio

Photo Transmitted By Radio While Lecture Is Broadcast

What radio-television may finally carry to millions of homes was illustrated in New York at the fourth annual national radio exposition at Grand Central Palace, when a photo of David Barnum, vice-president of the Radio Corporation of America, was transmitted by radio at the same time his address was broadcast.

Sarnoff predicted the time when the American farmer would "sit in" on an operate performance broadcast from Covent Garden in London, and when a speaker would be able to send his voice into every house equipped with radio.

Many Leaves On Elm Tree

A certain bonnet who has given much thought to the matter estimates that a good-sized foliage tree such as an elm, may produce a crop of no fewer than seven million leaves.

The combined surface of all the leaves amounts to no less than 200,000 square feet.

W. N. U. 1295

A Daring Experiment

Electrical Wizard Believes That Science May Rival Nature

Across the gap between the electrodes of a glass electric machine leaped a mighty arc of blue-white flame. A terrific crackling roar came from the quiet of a Paris laboratory. Then Prof. Jean Perrin, white-haired, white-bearded, benevolent-faced, opened a switch with a long-fingered white hand. The dazzling glare was snuffed out. The crackling ceased. In the sudden quiet even his low-pitched, staccato voice sounded loud.

"It is but the beginning," he said. "Soon I shall have available a means of producing 10,000,000 volts of direct-current electricity. Then, perhaps, I shall be able to reproduce, on a small scale, the conditions that cause the radiation of light and heat from the sun and the still more gigantic stars of the universe."

Such is the report given by Frederic M. Jenkins, in the October Popular Science Monthly, of a remarkable experiment recently completed by Professor Perrin, head of the laboratory of physical research at the famous University of Paris, an experiment that leads this noted French scientist to believe that eventually he will be able to create, in effect, another sun.

"With 10,000,000 volts of direct-current electricity," said Professor Perrin, "I believe I can break up the atomic structure of matter—disintegrate individual atoms; perhaps even drive the nucleus of one atom into another atom and thus create a much denser atom. If I am able to do that the secret of the sun's radiation will be known."

"I believe," he explained, "that the sun is formed by the constant changing of the extremely light atoms of hydrogen and atoms of greater weight, such as atoms of oxygen, nitrogen and the other heavier elements. According to my theory—also, my neighbor scientists agree with that theory—everything in the universe—the sun, the stars, the planets, and everything on earth—is composed of atoms of hydrogen, and these have changed gradually into heavier atoms that make up our atmosphere, our soil, our rocks, our very bodies."

"In changing into any other element, I believe that hydrogen changes first into helium, which was found in the sun before it was found on earth. In doing so, a portion of its atomic weight is lost and given off as energy. This released energy comes to us from the sun in the form of light and heat, and makes life possible on earth."

"By hurling against the electric structure 10,000,000 volts of electricity, I may be able to produce this change of light atoms into heavier atoms, and thus, in effect, create another sun."

Some of the vast energy released by a great sun-producing plant, Professor Perrin predicts, could be stored and transmitted in the form of electricity to run factories and trains, or to provide light and heat for great communities in place of coal and oil.

Canada Is Well Represented

Has Members On Various Committees Of League Of Nations

The committee and India are well represented on the various committees of the Assembly of the League of Nations, at Geneva.

Following Canadians are on the committee: Hon. Philippe Roy, commissioner-general of Paris, committee on technical questions and the financial and economic committee; Senator Hewitt Boscawell, Kingston, B.C., armaments committee; and W. A. Riddell, Canada's permanent representative at the league, in charge of the Canadian bureau, committee on social questions and committee on political questions.

British Soldier Had

To Discard Uniform Obligated To Wear Civilian Clothes In Irish Free State

A British soldier of Enniskillen, who entered Free State territory at Bundoran, Donegal, in black uniform, with some of his relatives, was arrested by Civil Guards, who said he had threatened an officer, and would be detained. The officer, who said he was unaware of the offence, was then given a civilian cap and coat and was set free to enjoy his stay in Bundoran. When his day's holiday ended he was reported to the Civil Guards in barracks and returned the civilian clothes.

A lunatic, acting as engineer at Donagh (Donagh) Hospital, is regarded by the chairman in charge as an absolute danger. He has saved the committee over £1,000 by his capability.

In the long buried city of Ur of the Chaldees a piece of sculpture has been dug up showing a pleasure boatman carrying motor up ladders.

CLIPSE FASHIONS
Exclusive Patterns
by Wembley

A Simple Design For Girls

Girls' dresses to single lines and often are quite restrained in their ornamentation. The belts are the main trimming feature of the dress pictured here, which is cut in one piece, with a little extra fullness over the hips at the low waist-line. The dress may be made short or long and tailored to a hand at the wrist. The dress has a opening at the centre, and the belt is made of a wide, narrow cloth. Sizes 8, 10, 12 and 14 years. Each 3 yards required. 25 yards of 22-inch, or 25 yards of 30-inch material. Price 20 cents.

The designs illustrated in our new Fashion Book are advanced styles for the home of comfort, and the woman or girl who desires to wear garments dependable for taste, simplicity and economy will find a lot to like in our pattern. Price of the book is one cent. The cost of the book is one cent. The cost of the book is one cent.

How To Order Patterns

Address—Wembley Newspaper Union, 175 McDermott Ave., Winnipeg

Pattern No. Size

Province

send 20c coin or stamps (wrap coin carefully)

Used Seventy-Year-

Old Christening Robe

Baby Girl Christened In Robe Worn By Grandfather At Similar Ceremony

Seventy years ago, on board ship in mid-Atlantic, making the then slow and difficult voyage from Scotland to Canada, a little Scotch baby was christened. This was Master Alexander Fleming, who, after coming to Canada with his parents as a tiny lad, became an honored citizen of the west. Recently Alexander Fleming's granddaughter, Marion Jean Fleming, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. James Fleming, of Glasgow, was christened in London, Ont. Col. the Rev. Dr. William Bate administered the rite of baptism following the marriage of the baby's aunt. And the baby girl, who went through both these ceremonies with such dignity, was dressed for the big occasion in the same little lace-trimmed robe worn by her grandfather at his more adventurous baptism, 70 years ago.

Refuse To Comply With Request

Radio Negotiations With French Government Prove Unsuccessful

Negotiations which the British Government is conducting with the French Government on behalf of Canadian radio operators with regard to cessation of the use of 450 and 300 metres wave by their ships and stations of the east coast of Canada have been unsuccessful. The French government being unable to see its way clear to comply with the British Government's request.

The German Government, it was learned, has agreed to comply with the request of Canadian radio operators, and has issued instructions accordingly to ships flying the German flag.

Operations for Salvage Treasure

Plans for the recovery of all treasure lost at sea since the time of the Spanish Armada are planned by salvage experts. The total value of sunken treasures is estimated at one billion pounds. First operations will be off the Irish coast.

Wembley Exposition Faces Big Deficit

Estimate Puts Loss At About Three Million Pounds

The British empire exposition at Wembley will prove as great a financial failure this year as in 1924, it is feared. The estimate puts the loss at the big British firms guaranteeing the exhibition at £3,000,000.

This pessimistic forecast is based on the rate of attendance during the first three months of the year. It is estimated that unless the attendance totals rise only 8,500,000 persons will have come to Wembley this year by the time the great fair closes its gates at the end of October. Last year 17,000,000 paid admission, which was half the number needed to make Wembley a financial success.

The biggest business proposition ever put up by this country is also the biggest failure, says one London newspaper today, attributing the failure to the fact that "Wembley all along has lacked a showman—an inspired autocrat who with the marvelous material at hand could have made it the most successful and stimulating exhibition the world has known. Today Wembley is a tragedy of inept management."

Manitoba Wheat Pool Do Well

Handled Over Eight Million Bushels At Sight Cost

The Manitoba Wheat Pool handled nearly eight and a half million bushels of wheat last year at an average price of 1.10 a bushel. The pool's cost was 1.00 a bushel, a cent per bushel. Interest, insurance and elevator charges absorbed a little less than half a cent, the total cost thus being a trifle over a cent a bushel.

At the annual meeting of the pool held in Winnipeg, three prices of \$7.00, \$7.50 and \$8.00 a bushel were voted to be given to the best essays on co-operation—competition to be limited to teachers of the pool. The pool is in rural high schools in the province.

A resolution was unanimously passed, to become effective at the next meeting of the pool, declaring that no member of the legislature or of parliament, or director of the United Farmers of Manitoba or the Farmers' Union of Canada shall be eligible to serve as director of the wheat pool.

Real News

Finding of a Rust-Resisting Variety of Wheat

Great events often are simply chronicled. From the chronicles of the brief announcement that the claim of R. S. McPherson, South Dakota wheat grower, to have developed by cross-breeding a variety of wheat that resists all efforts to infect it with rust, has been tested by department of agriculture scientists and found to be true. Finding of a rust-resisting variety of wheat means literally billions of dollars to the agriculture of the world.

It is a discovery of the drought-dreaded wheat meant billions of dollars. Such triumphs are far more important and deserving of more public attention than news of the declarations of war of the slightest of peace treaties.—Port Worth Star Telegram.

Baldwin and His Pipe

Breaks Tension at Critical Period in Negotiations With Miners

The pipe of peace was once more in evidence at a critical period of the recent negotiations of coal miners, owners and the government. When the two sides reached a point where a deadlock seemed inevitable, and the atmosphere was strained and formal, Premier Stanley Baldwin fumbled in his pocket and produced his pipe. This he began slowly to light, remarking: "Let's smoke, shall we?"

The suggestion was adopted by both miners and owners, and the formal atmosphere disappeared. Within an hour the basis of a provisional agreement had been reached.

Broadcast Carnival Sounds of Fair

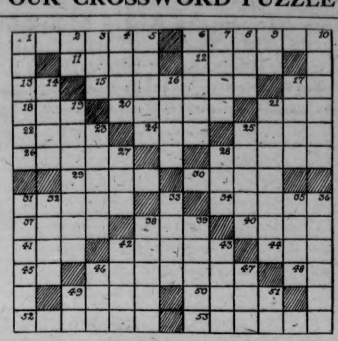
Broadcasting the carnival sounds of a big fair will be attempted for the first time. Bonaux cites of the dog vendors, the tooting of merry-go-rounds, the squealing of pigs, the howling of the circus, the patter of racing hounds on the track, the roar of speeding automobiles and the blarney of the hardy show will be put into the microphone of a St. Paul station from the Minnesota state fair grounds.

When Locusts Start Flying

A flight of locusts will rise to a great height and cover forty or fifty miles in a day. But once the locust swarm comes to the ground, there it remains, devouring every green thing and never again using its wings.

If wires were as nice to their husbands as female clerks are to their employers, but for the occasional failures would be recorded.

OUR CROSSWORD PUZZLE



- | | | | |
|------------|--|----------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Horizontal | 1.—Colored crayon. | 13.—Small bed. | 8.—Unit of energy. |
| | 11.—Grass. | 40.—Witch. | 9.—Near. |
| | 12.—Injured. | 41.—Providence. | 10.—Tenders. |
| | 13.—Vexation. | 42.—The jockey. | 11.—Appendix. |
| | 15.—Separating. | 43.—Short thermograph (abbr.). | 12.—Adjustment. |
| | 16.—Physic (abbr.). | 44.—Free meaning two. | 13.—Something new. |
| | 18.—Lowest tides. | 45.—Overcome with reverent fear. | 14.—Fundamental. |
| | 21.—Social function. | 46.—Free from water by dipping. | 15.—Main fault in. |
| | 22.—Smell. | 47.—Devils. | 16.—Stomach. |
| | 23.—To make for a relative. | 48.—Inciting. | 17.—KID of carriages. |
| | 25.—Make a noise like a donkey. | 49.—Inciting. | 18.—Spook. |
| | 26.—At machine. | 50.—Inciting. | 19.—Acid. |
| | 27.—To make in a coarse manner. | | 20.—Chopping. |
| | 28.—Scribble (poetic). | | 21.—Clan. |
| | 29.—Low male voice. | | 22.—Obstruction. |
| | 31.—Overgrown with dense organic nature. | | 23.—Twice one. |
| | 32.—Musical instruments. | | 24.—KID of carriages. |
| | 33.—Heater branches of burning. | | 25.—Part of "to be." |
| | | | 26.—Chinese weight or measure. |

Example To World

Election of Senator Dandurand of Canada to Presidency of League of Nations

Canada constituted an "example to the world of how to handle successfully a problem of the treatment of minority populations," declared Paul Painlevé, premier of France, as the chief chairman of the League of Nations Assembly, speaking in the assembly at Geneva on the election of Hon. Senator Ralph Dandurand of Canada to the presidency.

The election of the president of the league was the feature of the session. M. Painlevé paid a tribute to Senator Dandurand as a statesman of high capacity and deep knowledge of political questions, and referred to Canada as a common ground of British and French culture.

He said that the choice of the assembly was particularly felicitous, as Canada was on common ground with the British and French civilization.

For British Ship

Shipment of Manitoba Butter Goes To England

Ten boxes of Manitoba butter have been shipped to England to compete in the annual dairy show of the British Dairy Farmers' Association at the Royal Agricultural Hall, Islington, London.

The classes in which the shipment is entered are the 56-lb. box of salted and 56-lb. box of unsalted butter. The entry in each class has been sent by the Creamery Creamery, Winnipeg; Gallagher, Holman Company, Manitoba; Co-operative Dairy, Shioh Lake Creamery and the City Dairy.

The dates of the show are: Oct. 20 to 23, inclusive. Letters recently received from W. A. Wilson, dairy products representative in England, say that to give every view of a good showing by Canadian exhibitors, as the British exhibition is showing development of Canada.

To Honor Canada's Womanhood

Site For National Woman's Memorial Hall Is Granted

The site for a national woman's memorial hall has been granted by the Dominion Government. It was announced at an executive meeting of the Ottawa Woman's Club. The action of the government is the result of a request made by a delegation of women who waited on the privy council last January, asking for a site for a memorial hall, to be used by all national organizations of women throughout the Dominion, irrespective of race or creed. The location of the site has not been disclosed, but it is understood that it will be a place of considerable prominence in the capital.

May Prove Successful

Claimed Discovery of Cure For One Form of Cancer

An article in the Lancet, leading British medical journal, by Dr. Thomas L. Maudsley, of the latter institution of Preventive Medicine, reveals the alleged discovery of a cure of the form of cancer known as sarcoma.

The efficacy of the cure is qualified only in that it has thus far only been applied to rats, in which the disease has been induced since the war, and of fifty rats treated, according to Dr. Maudsley, 62 per cent. have been cured.

Ship Lumber to Japan

The lumber export trade from the Pacific coast to Japan has been steadily increasing since the war, and official export figures covering logs, lumber and lumber of all kinds show the following results for the past three years: 1922, 568,439,000 feet; 1923, 742,821,000 feet; and 1924, 829,751,000 feet.

G. Holt Thomas, Buckinghamshire, claims the world's time record in building a house. Thomas, with four men, put up a wooden house of four rooms in two hours and 45 minutes.

